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Etüde

für Klavier und Ringmodulator

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Etüde für Klavier und Ringmodulator

Die Aufführung erfordert einen Ringmodulator, der das akustische Live-Signal des Klaviers moduliert und dessen Frequenz flexibel gesteuert werden kann.

Es empfiehlt sich ein Computerprogramm (z. Bsp. Max MSP) das auf das Tastensignal am Laptop des Klavierspielers (neben oder auf dem Klavier) hin die Frequenz ändert, wie in der Partitur vermerkt.

Der Modulator kann aber natürlich auch von einer anderen Person gesteuert werden.

Die beiden Frequenzen (440 Hz und 65,4 Hz) müssen natürlich an die Flügelstimmung vor Ort angeglichen werden und genau der Frequenz des a' bzw. des großen C entsprechen.

Es ist sehr wichtig, dass der modulierte Klang durch die Anlage in etwa gleich laut, oder evtl. sogar ein wenig lauter ist, als der Live-Klang des Klaviers.

Etude for piano and ring modulator

For the performance it is necessary to have an interface which acts like a ring modulator. It should transform the real acoustic signal of the piano in real time and it has to be flexible with his modulation frequency.

I would advise to use a computer program (e.g. Max MSP) which is changing the frequency of the modulator as indicated in the score, when touching a key of the laptop, placed besides the piano. But it can also be done by another person, controlling the modulator by hand.

The two frequencies (440Hz and 65,4 Hz) naturally have to be adapted to the tuning of the piano. They have to be set to exactly the same frequency as the notes a'/low c.

It is very important, that the modulated sound from the loudspeakers is set approximately to the same volume, or even a bit louder, than the original live-sound of the piano itself.

Etude pour piano et modulateur en anneau

Pour la réalisation il faut un modulateur en anneau qui peut moduler le signal acoustique du piano.

La fréquence du modulateur doit être contrôlé par un ordinateur (contrôlé par le joueur du piano: par exemple un ordinateur portable à côté du piano avec un patch de Max MSP) ou par une autre personne.

La fréquence du modulateur doit changer, comme indiqué dans la partition.

Il faut adapter les deux fréquences (440 Hz et 65,4 Hz) aux fréquences réelles du piano des notes La' et Do grave.

Il est très important, que le son modulé est équilibré ou un peu plus fort que le son original du piano.

Etude for piano and ring modulator

Ring modulator at f= 0Hz

Presto $\text{♩} = 110$

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Musical score for piano and ring modulator. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics f and $>$. The bottom staff is in bass clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $-$. The music consists of sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 1 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern: 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 2. Measures 2-4 continue this pattern with variations: 1 3 2 1 ... and 3 2.

Musical score for piano and ring modulator. The top staff is in treble clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $>$ and fz . The bottom staff is in bass clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $-$. Measure 5 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern: 3 2 1 3 2 1 2 3. Measures 6-8 continue this pattern with variations: > and >.

Musical score for piano and ring modulator. The top staff is in treble clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $>$. The bottom staff is in bass clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $-$. Measures 9-12 show a continuous sixteenth-note pattern with dynamics $>$.

Musical score for piano and ring modulator. The top staff is in treble clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics fz and f . The bottom staff is in bass clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $-$. Measures 13-16 show a continuous sixteenth-note pattern with dynamics $>$.

Musical score for piano and ring modulator. The top staff is in treble clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $>$ and fz . The bottom staff is in bass clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $-$ and $\text{d} \cdot$. Measures 17-20 show a continuous sixteenth-note pattern with dynamics $>$.

Musical score for piano and ring modulator. The top staff is in treble clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $>$. The bottom staff is in bass clef and 4/4 time, with dynamics $-$. Measures 21-24 show a continuous sixteenth-note pattern with dynamics $>$. The right hand has a melodic line with grace notes and slurs. The tempo instruction "with verve" is written above the staff.

Etude for piano and ring modulator

2 25

29

33 simile

Start ring modulator!

change fréquence from 0 to 440 Hz (the same pitch, as the repeated A) in about 14 sec.

37

41

45

49 (if necessary repeat these bars until the modulator arrives at his target frequency)

WITH modulator! (f=440Hz)

Etude for piano and ring modulator

3

53

57

p

61

64

fz

f

68

fz

(8)

fz mf

Etude for piano and ring modulator

Etude for piano and ring modulator

5

104

suddenly hesitating

p

108

accel.

piu mosso $\text{♩} = 140$ sempre accel

f marcato

113

118

Martellato $\text{♩} = 160$

ff

121

125

Andante $\text{♩} = 50$

p very mechanical, like an ECG

simile

pp

simile

Etude for piano and ring modulator

6

129

pp (like bells)

p marcato

always with the middle pedal *Ped.*

131

pp

mp

134

Ped.

135

Ped.

136

gain momentum

Ped.

3

Etude for piano and ring modulator

138 with verve

139 *poco fz* *p3* *3*

142 *p (écho)*

146 *pp* *fz*

150 *sempre pp* *fz* *mf*

153

Etude for piano and ring modulator

8 156

158

161

163

165

167

169

(first note always very heavy, portato then make in every bar little accel. to gain momentum)

Ped. 8^{vib}

Etude for piano and ring modulator

9

171

174

176

179

meno mosso, poco a poco accel.

182

184

Etude for piano and ring modulator

10

Etude for piano and ring modulator

11

204

208

215

222

Lento $\text{♩} = 40$

secco!

pp

ffp (press silent!)

always hold these notes
with the middle pedal *Ped.*

pp secco!

226

mp cantabile

Etude for piano and ring modulator

12

228

smile

229

232 misterioso

234

right hand quasi accel.
(left hand stay strict in the tempo!)

236

p

pp cresc.

Etude for piano and ring modulator

238

240

243

(8) 245

Etude for piano and ring modulator

14

246

poco piu mosso ($\text{♩} = 60$)

248

p espressivo

change ring modulator to $f = 65,4$ Hz
(pitch of low c) in about 14sec.

254

modulateur at $f = 65,4$ Hz (low c)

so that it creates a very low frequency, when playing the B

261

269

Etude for piano and ring modulator

15

273

273

mp

(8)

275

mp

(8)

277

p

(8)

279

mp tre corde

mf

Ped.

281

mf

(8)

Detailed description: The musical score consists of five systems of piano music. System 1 (measures 273-274) shows two staves in bass clef. Measure 273 starts with eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 274 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern. System 2 (measures 275-276) continues with similar patterns. System 3 (measures 277-278) features a dynamic 'p' and a sustained note. System 4 (measures 279-280) includes dynamics 'mp', 'tre corde', 'mf', and 'Ped.'. System 5 (measures 281-282) concludes with a dynamic 'mf'.

Etude for piano and ring modulator

16

282

6 6 6 6 6 6

3 3 3 3 3 3

(8) 5 5

mf

283

6 6 6 6 6 6

3 3 3 3 3 3

(8) 5 5

mf p

284

3 3 3 3 3 3

6 6 6 6 6 6

mf *p* *mf* *p* 3 3 3 3

3 3 3 3 3 3

285

6 6 6 6 6 6

3 3 3 3 3 3

f *p* 8vb 5 5 5 5

Etude for piano and ring modulator

287

ff *mf* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

fz *5* *5* *5*

(8). 3
Ped.

17

289

fz *6* *3* *3*

5 *5*

(8)

change modulateur to f = 440Hz
(A) in about 14 sec.

290

6 *6* *ffz* *mf*

5 *5* *fffz*

(8)

Presto, like shimmering

p

Let still resonate all in the pedal! (blurred!)

292

Etude for piano and ring modulator

18293

294

arrive here at the same time, as the modulator (f=440 Hz)
left hand in the notated rhythm, right hand freely
(♩ = ca. 160)

296

297

298

rall.

♩ = ♩ = ca. 90

sans Péd.

302

senza ritardando!!!

dim.

pp morendo

15^{ma}

pppp